MR DEPUTY SPEAKER.—Now I shall put clause 8, as amended. The question is :

"That clause 8, as amended, do stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted

Clause 8 as amended was added to the Bill.

CLAUSE 9

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER.—The question is :

"That clause 9 do stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted

Clause 9 was added to the Bill.

CLAUSE 1 ETC

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER. The question is :

"That Clause 1, the long Title, the preamble and the enacting formula do stand part of the Bill"

The motion was adopted

Clause 1, long title and preamble and the premble enacting formula were added to the Bill.

Motion to pass

SRI S. M. YAHYA.— I beg to move :

"That the Karnataka State Universities (Amendment) Bill, 1976 as amended be passed"

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER.—The question is :

"That the Karnataka State Universities (Amendment) Bill, 1976, as amended, be passed."

The motion was adopted and the Bill, as amended was passed.

KARNATAKA EXCISE (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1976

Motion to consider

SRI S. M. YAHYA.—Sir, I beg to move :

"That the Karnataka Excise (Amendment) Bill, 1976 be taken into consideration."

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER.—Motion moved.

"That the Karnataka Excise (Amendment) Bill, 1976 be taken into consideration."

† SRI S. M. YAHYA.—Sir, this is a very simple Bill. At present we are giving concession of the excise duty on the liquors supplied to the armed forces. But this concessional rate of excise duty is not available to the para-military troupes even though the para-military forces come under armed forces due to the technical reason that they cannot be regarded as armed forces. We would like to give this concession to these people who are working at the high altitude and who are helping our armed forces by digging the trenches and constructing the roads etc. This is an important concession given to our para-military people.

† SRI B. B SAYANAK (Belgaum).—Mr. Deputy Speaker Sir, I rise to oppose this Bill because the Government wants to impose 25 paise levy for para-military forces. According to my information, in almost all the States, there is no excise duty on para-military forces. Then why the Government of Karnataka is going to levy 25 paise on para-military services and what is the extra money they are getting ? And another thing is that in almost all these States when there is no excise duty even then their industry is prospering and their charges are also very low. Why Government of Karnataka is not going to take this matter into consideration and exempt the levy on para-military services ? With these words, I conclude my speech.

† ಶ್ರೀ ಟಿ. ಆರ್. ಶಾಮಣ್ಣ.—ಮಾನ್ಯ ಉಪಾಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರೇ, ಕುಡಿಯುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂದಪಟ್ಟಂತೆ ಯಾವ ವ್ಯವಹಾರಗಳು ಇದ್ದರೂ ಕೂಡ ವಿರೋಧಿಸತಕ್ಕಂಥವರ ಬೈಕಿ ನಾನು ಕೂಡ ಒಬ್ಬ ಆದರೂ ಕೂಡ ಈ ನಮ್ಮ ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರದ ರಕ್ಷಣೆಗಾಗಿ ಹೋರಾಡತಕ್ಕ ಜನರಿಗೆ ಯಾವ ವಿಧವಾದಂಥ ಸೌಲಭ್ಯಗಳಂ ಕೊಡಬೇಕೋ ಆದನ್ನು ಕೊಡಬೇಕು. ಆ ರೀತಿ ಕೊಡದಿದ್ದರೆ ಯೋಧರು ಯುದ್ಧ ಮಾಡಲು ಮನಸ್ಸು ಬರುತ್ತದೆಯೋ ಇಲ್ಲವೋ ಗೊತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ. ನಮ್ಮ ರಾಜ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ರಂ ನ್ನು ಮಾತ್ರ ತಯಾರು ಮಾಡಿ ಬಾಕಿ ಯಾವ ವೈನನ್ನು ತಯಾರು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲವೇ ? ಇದೊಂದಕ್ಕೆ ರಿಯಾಯಿತಿಯನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟು ಬೇರೆದಕ್ಕೆ ಏತಕ್ಕೆ ತಾವು ರಿಯಾಯಿತಿಯನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟಿಲ್ಲ ಎನ್ನುವುದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ತಾವು ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಕೊಡಬೇಕು. ಎರಡನೆಯದಾಗಿ, ಮಿಲಟರಿಗೆ ಹೋದವರಿಗೆ ಸಾಧಾರಣವಾಗಿ ಅನೇಕ ಕನ್‌ಸೆಷನ್‌ಗಳಂ ಸಿಗುತ್ತಿವೆ. ಅಂಥ ಕನ್‌ಸೆಷನ್‌ಗಳನ್ನು ದುರುಪಯೋಗಪಡಿಸಿ ಕೊಳ್ಳತಕ್ಕಂಥ ಅನೇಕ ಸಂದರ್ಭಗಳು ಕಂಡು ಬಂದಿವೆ. ಆದುದರಿಂದ ತಾವು ರಮ್‌ನ್ನು ಕೊಡುವಾಗ ಏನಾದರೂ ಲಿಮಿಟೆಡ್ ಕ್ವಾಂಟಿಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕೊಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಾಧ್ಯವಿದೆಯೇ ಅಥವಾ ಸ್ವೇಚ್ಛಾಚಾರದಿಂದ ಕೊಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಅವಕಾಶ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡುತ್ತೀರಾ ಎನ್ನುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ತಾವು ವಿವರವನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟರೆ ಒಳ್ಳೆಯದೆಂದು ತಿಳಿದುಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದೇನೆ ಈ ಆರ್ಮ್ಡ್ ಫೋರ್ಸ್‌ಸ್ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಯಾವುದೇ ವಿಧವಾದಂಥ ವಿರೋಧವನ್ನು ವ್ಯಕ್ತಪಡಿಸುವುದು ಬಹಳ ಕಷ್ಟ. ಈಗ ಮಿಲಿಟರಿ ಯವರಿಗೆ ಕೊಡುತ್ತಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಪ್ಯಾರಾ ಮಿಲಿಟರಿಯವರಿಗೂ ಕೊಡಬೇಕೆಂದು ತಿದ್ದುಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ತಂದಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಅದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ನಾವು ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಗೆ ಮಾತನಾಡಬೇಕಾದ್ದು ಏನೂ ಇಲ್ಲ. ಇದರಿಂದ ಎಕ್ಸ್‌ಚಕರ್‌ಗೆ ಏನೂ ತೊಂದರೆ ಆಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲವೇ ಎನ್ನುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಮಂತ್ರಿಗಳು ಉತ್ತರ ಕೊಡ ಬೇಕೆಂದು ಕೇಳಿಕೊಂಡು ನನ್ನ ಮಾತನ್ನು ಮುಗಿಸುತ್ತೇನೆ.

† ಶ್ರೀ ಕೊಣಂದೂರು ಲಿಂಗಪ್ಪ.— ಮಾನ್ಯ ಉಪಾಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರೇ, ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಚಿವರು ಮಂಡಿಸಿರ ತಕ್ಕಂಥ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಜ್ಯದ ಅಬಕಾರಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ (ತಿದ್ದುಪಡಿ) ತಿದ್ದೇಯಕದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಎರಡು ಮಾತು ಗಳನ್ನು ಆಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಬಯಸುತ್ತೇನೆ ಇದುವರೆಗೆ ನಮ್ಮ ರಾಜ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಶಸ್ತ್ರ ಸೈನಿಕರಿಗೆ ಮಾತ್ರ ರಂನ್ನು ಕೊಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು. ಈಗ ಅವರ ಪರಿವಾರದವರೆಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ಅಂದರೆ ಪ್ಯಾರಾ ಮಿಲಿಟರಿ ಸ್ಟಾಫ್ ಎಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ಒದಗಿಸಬೇಕು ಎನ್ನುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ತಿದ್ದುಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ತಂದಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ನಿಜ ರಂನ್ನು ಮನುಷ್ಯ ಕುಡಿದರೆ ಗರಂ ಆಗ ಇಡುತ್ತದೆಂದು ನಮ್ಮ ಸ್ನೇಹಿತರು ಹೇಳುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಆದರೆ ಇದೆ ಸಾಲತ್ತನ್ನು ಸೈನಿಕರಿಗೂ, ಪ್ಯಾರಾ ಮಿಲಿಟರಿಯವರಿಗೂ ಕೊಟ್ಟ ಹಾಗೆ ಪೊಲೀಸ್ ಇಲಾಖೆಯವರಿಗೂ ಕೊಡಬೇಕು, ಆಮೇಲೆ ಹೋಂ ಗಾರ್ಡ್ಸ್‌ರವರಿಗೂ, ಎನ್ ಸಿ.ಸಿ ಯವರಿಗೂ ಪಂತ್ತು ಯೂತ್ ಕಾಂಗ್ರೆಸ್‌ನವರಿಗೂ ಕ್ಷನೆಷನ್ ಕೊಟರೆ ಬಹುಶಃ ನಮ್ಮ ದೇಶದ ರಕ್ಷಣೆ ಚೆನ್ನಾಗಿ ಆಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಇದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಸರ್ಕಾರ ಯೋಚನೆ ಮಾಡಬೇಕು. ಇದರಿಂದಾಗಿ ಆಡಿಯಿಂದ ಮಂಡಿಯವರೆಗೆ ಸ್ವರ್ಗ ಸುಖವನ್ನು ದೇವರಿಕ್ಕೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟರೆ ಅದೇ ಒಂದು ದೊಡ್ಡ ಕಾಣಿಕೆಯಾಗುತ್ತದೆ ಆದುದರಿಂದ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಮಂತ್ರಿಗಳವರು ಇದನ್ನು ದಯಪಾಲಿಸಬೇಕೆಂದು ಹೇಳಿ ನನ್ನ ಮಾತನ್ನು ಮುಗಿಸುತ್ತೇನೆ.

SRI V. N. PATIL (HUMNABAD).—Mr. Deputy Speaker, Sir, this Bill specifically mention about giving certain amount of concessions in the excise duty to paramilitary forces. So far the same concession is being given to armed forces. There can be justification and I do think that there is justification in giving this concession to armed forces and para-military forces. They serve under certain climatic conditions, away from their families, detached themselves completely from the day-to-day life and it is not uncommon that a man who is away from his home needs some drinks. It does not mean that the defence class luxuriously takes the drinks. When a man needs a certain thing and that needful thing is going to help him, then, it is considered as a drug or a medicine I don't think there is worth justification to oppose this concession I would like to tell the Hon'ble Minister that he is doing a good work, for which he deserves our support. But, at the same time, I would like to say that action should be taken to see that illicit liquor is stopped. As we are reading in newspapers that in neighbouring States so many workers died on account of consumption of country liquor and all that, in Tamil Nadu, Maharashtra and Andra Pradesh. I therefore request that your Department will have to devote more attention in order to stop illicit distilling. You can nationalise the entire industry and pass such drastic laws and amendments to put an end to this illicit distilling and to see that wholesome Toddy and liquor is provided to people who drink You can send such people who are doing this illicit distillation to jail. They are sending the poor people I don't say heaven because I don't believe in it to hospitals and grave yards. The Hon'ble Minister can take drastic steps and see that the recurrence and repetition of the newspaper reporting will not happen, to report any such unfortunate cases of deaths in other States. People take drinks to forget the stresses and strains of the injustice and inequities done to them, in life. When injustice is more in the society,

a poor man in order to forget it takes to drinks, to create artificial and temporary consolation to forget this problems only in reality to add more.

MR DEPUTY SPEAKER —The Hon'ble Member is Lawyer As a lawyer the Hon'ble Member must be concisely within the scope of the bill. Dying people by illicit drink or by other reasons does not come within the scope of this discussion.

SRI V. N. PATIL.—Cottage industries does not come here but this is the time where I can caution the Hon'ble Minister about illicit distillation.

SRI B. B. SAYANAK.—What is the meaning of the nationalisation of industries? Do you mean to say country liquor manufacturing industries should also be nationalised ?

SRI V. N. PATIL.—My hon. Friend has really mistaken me When private monopolistic people increase the price of liquors like anything. the poor people will go to country liquor because it is cheap Therefore, you can make it cheap or prohibit it.

With these words, I thank the Chair and conclude my speech.

†SRI S. M. YAHYA.- I thank the Hon'ble Members for supporting this measure of the Government. In fact this concession is given to those who really work hard and your appreciation is very much appreciated because we all respect our armed forces as well as para-military forces who protect our country. We are giving a small concession. My friend Mr. Sayanak has said that further concession should be given to para-military forces and should not be levied any excise duty. Of course this idea is not a new idea. There is a school of thought that there should be a complete exemption of excise duty both to the armed forces as well as para-military forces.

SRI B. B. SAYANAK.—Is it not a fact that in other States, the excise duty is exempted ?

SRI S. M. YAHYA —I have now in the mind of Mr. Sayanak the State where there is complete exemption-Maharashtra. The Goverment is also seriously considering whether further reduction can be made or whether there should be total exemption.

The other points which Mr. Shamanna has mentioned are that why Rum alone should be given exemption. I can only say that the Karnataka Rum is the most popular among the armed forces and I don't know how power how much kick it can give because neither I drink nor Mr. Shamanna It is their taste and their liking. Rum is given concession but the Government under Section 22 have been empowered to give concession not only on Rum, but on Wisky and other brands also. That is the only point I can clarify.

MR. V. N. Patil has expressed doubts as to the Enforcement Department with regard to curtailing the illicit liquor. Here, I must say that our Enforcement Officers have been doing commendable work. Every week, we have number of cases booked and the illicit liquor destroyed. So, there need not be much anxiety as far as Karnataka is concerned

There is not a single death reported to the Government due to the illicit drinking and the Government is certainly taking very serious steps as far as illicity distillation is concerned.

SRI B. B. SAYANAK —2 persons died due to illicit liquor in Belgaum.

SRI S. M. YAHYA —It may not be due to consumption of illicit liquor, but it may be for various other reasons. Illicit liquor will not only destroy the health of the people but also destroy the treasury of the Government. Therefore, we do not want that this evil should continue. We will certainly take stronger steps. It is a simple amendment and it may be passed.

MR DEPUTY SPEAKER.—I will put the consideration motion to the vote of the House. The question is :

"That the Karnataka Excise (Amendment) Bill, 1976 be taken into consideration."

The motion was apoted.

CLAUSE 2 & 3

Since there are no amendments, I shall put Clauses 2 and 3 to the vote of the House.

The question is ;

"That Clauses 2 and 3 do stand part of the Bill".

The motion was adopted

Clauses 2 and 3 were added to the Bill.

CLAUSE 1

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER.--The question is :

"That Clause 1, the long Title, the Preamble and the Enacting Formula do stand part of the Bill"

The motion was adopted

Clause 1, the long Title and the Premble and the Enacting formula were added to the Bill.

Motion To pass

SRI S. M. YAHYA.—I beg to move :

"That the Karnataka Excise (Amendment) Bill 1976, be passed.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER.—The question is :

"That the Karnataka Excise (Amendment) Bill, 1976, be passed"

The motion was adopted and the Bill was passed.

PAYMENT OF WAGES (KARNATAKA AMENDMENT) BILL-1976.

Motion to Consider

SRI C. N. PATIL (Minister for Labour).—I beg to move :

"That the Payment of Wages (Karnataka Amendment) Bill, 1976 be taken into consideration"

MR DEPUTY SPEAKER.—Motion moved,

"That the Payment of Wages (Karnataka Amendment) Bill, 1976 be taken into Consideration,

† ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಎನ್. ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ಸನ್ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಭಾಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರೇ, ಪೇಮೆಂಟ್ ಆಫ್ ವೇಜಸ್ ಆಕ್ಟ್ 1936 ಇದು ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಮಸೂದೆ. ರಾಜ್ಯದ ಪುನರ್ವಿಂಗಡಣೆಯಾದನಂತರ ಅಂದಿನ ಮುಂಬೈ ಹಾಗೂ ಮೈಸೂರು ಸರ್ಕಾರಗಳು ಸೆಂಟ್ರಲ್ ಕಾಯಿದೆಗೆ ಕೆಲವು ತಿದ್ದುಪಡಿಗಳನ್ನು ತಂದು ಆಯಾಭಾಗಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಅವು ಇವತ್ತಿನವರೆಗೂ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನದಲ್ಲಿದ್ದುವು. ಇಂದು ಈ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ತಿದ್ದುಪಡಿಗಳನ್ನು ರಿಪೀಲ್ ಮಾಡುವುದು ಒಂದನೆಯದು, ಎರಡನೆಯದು The present Bill seeks to repeal all the local amendments in force, Only such of the provisions in the local amendments which are desirable are proposed to be incorporated in the Central Act, The proposed amendment relates to deductions from a person re-employed after the termination of his former employment any amount paid to him from a provident fund or as a gratuity on such termination, provided that such recovery shall not exceed 20 per cent of the total earnings. Re-employment means employment under the same employer. It also relates to deductions specially authorised by the State Government for purpose beneficial to the employed person. There is also provision exempting the applicant from paying court fees other than fees payable for the service of process in respect of proceedings. ಈ ತಿದ್ದುಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ಮೇಲಿನ ಕೆಲವು ಕಾರಣಗಳಿಂದ ತಂದಿದ್ದಾಗಿದೆ. ಸಭೆಯು ಈ ತಿದ್ದುಪಡಿಗೆ ಒಪ್ಪಿಗೆ ಕೊಡಬೇಕಾಗಿ ವಿನಂತಿ.

† ಶ್ರೀ ಟಿ. ಆರ್. ಶಾಮಣ್ಣ. (ಕೋಟೆ).—ಸನ್ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಭಾಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರೇ, ಮಾನ್ಯ ಕಾರ್ಮಿಕ ಮಂತ್ರಿಗಳು ತಂದಿರತಕ್ಕ ತಿದ್ದುಪಡಿಯ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಅರಿವು ಇರತಕ್ಕ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಕೃಷ್ಣನ್ ಅವರು ಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲಿಲ್ಲ. ಆದರೂ ಕೂಡ ಕೆಲವು ವಿಚಾರಗಳನ್ನು ನಾನು ಸಭೆಯ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ತರುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಇಷ್ಟ ಪಡುತ್ತೇನೆ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಜ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಸುಮಾರು 20 ವರ್ಷಗಳಾಯಿತು; ಆದರೂ ಕೂಡ ಇವತ್ತಿನ ವರೆಗೂ ಕೂಡ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ರಾಜ್ಯಕ್ಕೂ ಎಲ್ಲಾಭಾಗಕ್ಕೂ ವ್ಯಾಪ್ತಿಯಾಗತಕ್ಕ ಅನೇಕ ಕಾಯಿದೆಗಳು ಬೇರೆ ಬೇರೆಯಾಗದೆ ಇರುವುದು ಒಂದಳ ಶೋಚನೀಯವಾದ ವಿಚಾರ, ಕಾರ್ಮಿಕರಿಗೆ ಬರಬೇಕಾದಂತ ವೇಜಸ್